

```

    outp(addr, 0x8d);
}
/***** *****: ***** *****/
/* */
/* NAME      : GET_WEIGHT - Get the current weight */
/* AUTHOR     : Celestine Vettial */
/* DATE WRITTEN : 05-Nov-1990 */
/* DATE REVISION : */
/* PURPOSE    : To provide a procedure to get the current weight on a */
/*              given scale in counts. */
/* MODEL      : This procedure uses direct control register accessing */
/*              using the library calls inp and outp to get the count */
/* VERSION    : 1.1 (Release 1, Version 1) */
/* HISTORY    : NUMBER DATE DESCRIPTION */
/*              Original 05-Nov-90 Designer Original Release */
/* AGREEMENTS : Development by: Designer (05-Nov-90) */
/*              Used by: Designer in the sequential ZIPLUS program */
/* REQUIREMENTS : To provide a C interface for the scale board. */

```

```

/* DEPENDENCIES : Includes serial.h -- a definition file for sequential */
/*               procedures for ZIPSTER PLUS                               */
/* PARAMETERS   : NAME      DESCRIPTION      UNITS      */
/*               scale      The scale select control integer */
/*               register address(SCALEA or */
/*               SCALEB defined in serial.h) */
/* ABSTRACT     : This procedure can be used to get the current weight */
/*               in counts. */
/* PERFORMANCE  : Unknown */
/* RESTRICTIONS : The A to D scale board should be set to the base */
/*               addresses given in "serial.h" */
/* ERRORS PROPAGATED: status = Valid if zero, else scale is unstable */
/* ERRORS HANDLED : None */
/* SAMPLE CALL  : get_weight(SCALEA) */
/*               */
/* ***** */
/* Copyright (c) 1990 */
/* Pi Electronics Corp. */
/* 9777 W Gulf Bank Rd */
/* Houston, Texas 77040-3113 */
/* (713) 896-5800 */
/* ALL RIGHTS RESERVED */
/* ***** */

/* ***** */
/* read_scalereg(reg_num): Read Scale Board Data */
/*               */
/* Function to read a register from the scale. Passed argument is the */
/* register number to be input. */
/* Return: value input from scale board, char. */
/* ***** */
unsigned char read_scalereg(reg_num)
unsigned char reg_num
{
    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY); /* be sure it isnt busy */
    outp(REG_COMMAND, reg_num); /* select the register */
    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY); /* wait for not busy */
    return(inp(REG_CONTROL)); /* return control reg value*/
}
/* ***** */
/* write_scalereg(reg_num,regdata); Write Scale Board Data */
/*               */
/* Function to write a register from the scale. Passed argument is the */
/* register number to be written and the data to write to it. */
/* Return: nothing. */
/* ***** */
void write_scalereg(reg_num,regdata)
unsigned char reg_num,regdata;
{
    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY); /* be sure it isnt busy */
    outp(REG_COMMAND, reg_num); /* select the register */
    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY); /* wait for not busy */
    outp(REG_CONTROL,regdata); /* update the control reg */
    return;
}

```

```

}
/*****
void __export FAR FASCAL init_scale(void)
{
    /* Initialize the scale board operating parameters */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHA_SCAN_RATE,CHA_SCAN_RATE); /* update scan rate */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHA_DEAD_BAND,CHA_DEADBAND); /* update the deadband */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHA_SMOOTH,CHA_SMOOTH_COEF); /* update smooth coeff. */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHB_SCAN_RATE,CHB_SCAN_RATE); /* update scan rate */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHB_DEAD_BAND,CHB_DEADBAND); /* update the deadband */
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHB_SMOOTH,CHB_SMOOTH_COEF); /* update smooth coeff. */

    /* Read weight calibration constants */
    A_Cal_factor = (unsigned int)(read_scalereg(SEL_CHA_MSB_CAL) << 8) +
        read_scalereg(SEL_CHA_LSB_CAL);
    B_Cal_factor = (unsigned int)(read_scalereg(SEL_CHB_MSB_CAL) << 8) +
        read_scalereg(SEL_CHB_LSB_CAL);
    A_Null_weight = (unsigned int)(read_scalereg(SEL_CHA_MSB_NUL) << 8) +
        read_scalereg(SEL_CHA_LSB_NUL);
    B_Null_weight = (unsigned int)(read_scalereg(SEL_CHB_MSB_NUL) << 8) +
        read_scalereg(SEL_CHB_LSB_NUL);

    /***** avoid zero divide when scale is not calibrated!!! */
    if (A_Cal_factor == 0) A_Cal_factor = 1;
    if (B_Cal_factor == 0) B_Cal_factor = 1;
}
/*****
/* Function to read a stable weight in counts from the given scale */
/* Return value: 0 -> successful */
/* 1 -> unsuccessful (not stable) */
/*****
unsigned char get_weight(weight, scale_num)
unsigned int FAR *weight;
unsigned char scale_num;
{
    unsigned long start_time;
    unsigned char stable, scale;

    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY); /* be sure the scale isnt busy */

    if (scale_num == 1) /* let's try scale A */
    {
        scale = SCALEA;
        stable = CHA_STABLE;
        outp(REG_COMMAND,SCALEA);
    }
    else
    {
        scale = SCALEB;
        stable = CHB_STABLE;
        outp(REG_COMMAND,SCALEB);
    }

    start_time = GetTickCount();
    while (inp(REG_STATUS) & DEV_BUSY);
}

```

```

while ( !(inp(REG_STATUS) & stable) && (start_time > GetTickCount() - 1000) )
; /* Read status and wait until stable reading and not busy */

*weight = inpw(REG_DATA);

if (inp(REG_STATUS) & stable)
{
    /* delay 1/4 second to see that stable remains */
    start_time = GetTickCount();
    while ( (inp(REG_STATUS) & stable) && (start_time > GetTickCount() - 250) );
}

if (inp(REG_STATUS) & stable)
    return(0);
else
    return(1);
}
/*****
/* ZERO_SCALE : Function to zero the scales */
/* Return Value : 0 -> successfull */
/* 1 -> no stable reading */
/* 2 -> letter scale not empty */
*****/
unsigned char __export FAR PASCAL zero_scale(scale, changeZero)
unsigned char scale;
unsigned char changeZero;
{
    int loop_count=0, broke_loop_count=1;
    unsigned int cur_tare, null_wgt;

    if (scale == 0) /* letter scale */
        null_wgt = 0_Null_weight;
    else
        null_wgt = 3_Null_weight;

    for(;;)
    {
        loop_count = 0;
        while (get_weight(&cur_tare, scale) != 0)
        {
            if (loop_count++ == 200) /* no stable reading after 200 reads */
                return(1);
        }
        if (get_weight(&cur_tare, scale) == 0) /* 2 successive stable reading */
        {
            if (abs(cur_tare - null_wgt) < 40)
                break;
            if (scale == 1)
            {
                if (changeZero == 1)
                    null_wgt = cur_tare;
                else
                    return(2);
            }
        }
        else
            null_wgt = cur_tare;
    }
}

```

```

    }
}

if (scale == 1)
{
    A_Null_weight = cur_tare;
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHA_MSB_NUL,(unsigned char)(A_Null_weight >> 8));
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHA_LSB_NUL,(unsigned char)A_Null_weight);
}
else
{
    /* get_fine_weight(&cur_tare, scale, 5);*/
    B_Null_weight = cur_tare;
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHB_MSB_NUL,(unsigned char)(B_Null_weight >> 8));
    write_scalereg(SEL_CHB_LSB_NUL,(unsigned char)B_Null_weight);
}
return(0);
}
/*****
/* Function to read a stable weight in counts from the given scale */
/* Return value: 0 -> stable weight counts */
/* -1 -> unsuccessful (not stable) */
/* +ve -> stable real weight ( when display = 1) */
*****/
double __export FAR PASCAL find_weight(scal_num, calculated_weight, display)
unsigned char scal_num;
char FAR *calculated_weight;
unsigned char display;
{
    unsigned int wt_cnt;
    double wt_lb, wt_oz;
    char wt_str[10], oz_str[10];
    double oz_part, lb_part;
    unsigned int cal_factor, null_wgt;

    if (get_weight(&wt_cnt, scal_num) == 0) /* stable reading */
    {
        if (display == 0) /* no need to find display weight */
            return(0);
        else /* calculate real weight */
        {
            if (scal_num == 1) /* better scale */
            {
                cal_factor = A_Cal_factor;
                null_wgt = A_Null_weight;
            }
            else
            {
                cal_factor = B_Cal_factor;
                null_wgt = B_Null_weight;
            }
            wt_lb = wt_cnt - null_wgt;
            if (wt_lb > 60000)
                wt_lb = 0; /* below null reading, set to zero */
            else

```

```

wt_lb = wt_lb/cal_factor;
wt_oz = wt_lb*16;

```

```

/* Rate Classifier Mode Display */
if (wt_oz <= 16.0) /* less than 1 lb. incl. */
    wt_oz = wt_oz - 0.03; /* subtract the maintenance tolerance */
else if (wt_oz <= 64.0) /* less than 4 lb. incl. */
    wt_oz = wt_oz - 0.12; /* subtract the maintenance tolerance */
else if (wt_oz <= 112.0) /* less than 7 lb. incl. */
    wt_oz = wt_oz - 0.2; /* subtract the maintenance tolerance */
else /* less than 25lb. */
    wt_oz = wt_oz - 0.4; /* subtract the maintenance tolerance */

if (wt_oz < 0) /* avoid negative display */
    wt_oz = 0.0;

```

```

/*-----*/
/* I am using manual_fcvt instead of the */
/* sprintf function for floating point numbers. */
/*-----*/

```

```

// sprintf(wt_str, "%6.2f", wt_oz);

```

```

manual_fcvt(wt_oz, 6, 2, (LPSTR) wt_str);

if (wt_oz <= 32.0) /* less than or equal to 2 lb. */
{
    if( (wt_str[5]-'0') <5) && ((wt_str[5]-'0') !=0) )
    {
        wt_str[5] = '5';
        wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
    }
    else if( (wt_str[5]-'0') >5 )
    {
        wt_str[5] = '0';
        wt_str[4] = wt_str[4] + 1;
        if( (wt_str[4]-'0') > 9 )
        {
            wt_str[4] = '0';
            wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str) + 1.0;
        }
    }
    else
        wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
}

```

```

else if (wt_oz <= 112.0) /* less than 7 lb. */

```

```

{
    if( (wt_str[5]-'0') >0 )
    {
        wt_str[5] = '0';
        wt_str[4] = wt_str[4] + 1;
        if( (wt_str[4]-'0') > 9 )
        {
            wt_str[4] = '0';
            wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str) + 1.0;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        else
            wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
        }
        else
            wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
    }
    else /* over 7 lb. */
    {
        if( (wt_str[5]-'0') > 0 )
        {
            wt_str[5] = '0';
            wt_str[4] = wt_str[4] + 1;
            if( (wt_str[4]-'0') > 9 )
            {
                wt_str[4] = '0';
                wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str) + 1.0;
                // wsprintf(wt_str, "%6.2f", wt_oz);
                manual_fcvt(wt_oz, 6, 2, (LPSTR) wt_str);
            }
        }
        if( (wt_str[4]-'0') > 0 )
        {
            wt_str[4] = wt_str[4] + ((wt_str[4]-'0')%2);
            if( (wt_str[4]-'0') > 9 )
            {
                wt_str[4] = '0';
                wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str) + 1.0;
            }
        }
        else
            wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
    }
    else
        wt_oz = manual_atof(wt_str);
}

if ( wt_oz <= 0.05)
    wt_oz = 0.0;

wt_lb = wt_oz/16.0;

// oz_part = round(wt_lb, &lb_part);

/*-----*/
/* A manual way of performing the modf function. */
/*-----*/
lb_part = (double) ((int)wt_lb);
oz_part = wt_lb - lb_part; // NOTE: Don't need this statement
                          // because of next statement

oz_part = (wt_lb - lb_part)*16 ;

// wsprintf(calculated_weight, "%2d lb %5.2f oz", (int)lb_part, oz_part);
manual_fcvt(oz_part, 5, 2, (LPSTR) oz_str);
wsprintf(calculated_weight, "%2d lb %s oz", (int)lb_part, (LPSTR) oz_str);
if (scal_num == 1) /* letter scale */
    return(wt_oz);

```

```

        else
            return(wt_lb);
    }
}
else
    return(-1);
}
/*****
/*-----*/
/*
/*
/* manual_fcvt is a float conversion procedure. */
/* The parameters are: */
/*
/* Float_Value - the value to convert to a string. */
/*
/* Digits - the total number of characters in */
/* the string, including the decimal */
/* point and sign. */
/*
/* Precision - the number of digits after the */
/* decimal point to represent. */
/*
/* Float_String - the result string. It must be */
/* memory set aside by the calling */
/* program. */
/*
/* There is one known limitation: the number of digits */
/* of resolution including the digits before the */
/* decimal point must not exceed 38. The subscript */
/* of the local char array digits_str can be modified */
/* as needed for this situation. */
/*
/*-----*/

void manual_fcvt(double Float_Value, int Digits, int Precision,
                LPS:R Float_String)
{
    char digits_str[40];
    long digits, precision_multiplier=1L, int_part, float_part;
    int i;

    for (i=0;i<Precision;i++)
        precision_multiplier *= 10L;

    if (Float_Value*(double)precision_multiplier<0.0)
        digits = (long) (Float_Value*(double)precision_multiplier + 0.5);
    else
        digits = (long) (Float_Value*(double)precision_multiplier + 0.5);

    if (digits<0L) {
        lstrcpy(Float_String, "-");
        digits = -digits;
    }
    else
        lstrcpy(Float_String, "");
}

```



```

int_part = digits/precision_multiplier;
float_part = digits-int_part*precision_multiplier;

wsprintf(digits_str, "%d", int_part);
lstrcat(Float_String, digits_str);

lstrcat(Float_String, ".");

wsprintf(digits_str, "%d", float_part);
lstrcat(Float_String, digits_str);

if (lstrlen(Float_String)<Digits) {
    lstrcpy(digits_str, " ");
    for (i=1;i<Digits-lstrlen(Float_String);i++)
        lstrcat(digits_str, " ");
    lstrcat(digits_str, Float_String);
    lstrcpy(Float_String, digits_str);
}
}
/*****
/*-----*/
/*
/*
/* manual_atof work the same as the C function atof. */
/*
/*-----*/

double manual_atof(LPSTR Float_String)
{
    int i=0, len, done=0;
    double ret_val=0.0, dec_val=1.0, neg=1.0;

    len = lstrlen(Float_String);

    while (Float_String[i]!=' ' && i<len)
        i++;

    if (i==len)
        return ret_val;

    if (Float_String[i]=='-') {
        neg= -1.0;
        i++;
    }

    while (Float_String[i]!='.' && i<len) {

        if (Float_String[i] < '0' || Float_String[i]>'9')
            return neg*ret_val;

        ret_val = 10.0*ret_val+(double)(Float_String[i]-'0');
        i++;
    }

    if (i==len)
        return neg*ret_val;
}

```

```

i++; // Skip the decimal point

while (i<len) {

    if (Float_String[i] < '0' || Float_String[i]>'9')
        return neg*ret_val;

    dec_val = dec_val/10.0;
    ret_val = ret_val+((double)(Float_String[i]-'0'))*dec_val;
    i++;
}

return neg*ret_val;
}
/*****/

```